CHAPTER I
INTRODUCTION

In this chapter the writer explains about background of the study, problems of the study, the objectives of the study, significance of the study, limitation of study, definition of key terms, framework of discussion, and frame of thinking.

A. Background of study

Today, English has been the most important foreign language in the world. We can communicate with other people in the world by using English. In Indonesia, English is the foreign language that taught from elementary level to university.

Since English is taught, the government is trying hard to improve the quality of the teaching of English such as providing the training for the English teachers, revising the curriculum and syllabus and supplying all kinds of text books. For students themselves, in order to be good ability in English they are expected to master the four language skills which they are related each, they are speaking, listening, reading and writing.

As one of the language skills, reading is important aspect in reading English. In reading the student should be able to read, detect, and select the right cues from concepts or meaning. Besides that the purpose of reading is to recognize word
meaning, phrases sentence structure, and discourse analysis.\textsuperscript{1} It could be taken conclusion that the purpose of reading is the students should understand about the meaning of the text that was read by them.

In senior high school such as MA Darul Ulum Palangka Raya, English lesson is taught and one of material that given by the teacher to the students the eleventh grade is about report text. Text report has been taught in senior high school second grade in the first semester and the first material that has been taught. The teacher often gives material by using reading or writing.

Based on a preliminary study in a classroom during teaching practice 2 in MA Darul Ulum Palangka Raya, the students are asked to read and understand the contents of the report text before they were told to answer the questions that have been provided to assess their reading comprehension. But in fact most of the students still difficult to answer the questions of report text because they did not master English vocabulary and the other problems.

Based on the problems above, the students must know some strategies in comprehending report text. As brown states, strategies are specific methods of approaching a problem or task, modes of operation for achieving a particular end, planned designs for controlling and manipulating certain information.\textsuperscript{2}

Oxford defines learning strategies are steps taken by students to enhance their own learning. Strategies are especially important for language learning because they are tools for active competence. Appropriate language learning strategies result in improved proficiency and greater self-confidence.3

Based the explanation above, we can infer that each student has certain tendency and capability in using certain learning strategy. Therefore, the use of various learning strategies can be influenced by their background, experience, and character. In other hand, strategy is useful to students might not be useful for others. Since the students have their own strategy characteristic, they will have different reading strategies are useful and comfortable for them. Seeing of previous phenomena, the writer was interested in conducting a study entitle: The language Learning Strategies in Comprehending Report text Applied by the Eleventh Grade Students at MA Darul Ulum Palangkaraya.

B. Problem of study

Based on the background of the study above, the problem can be formulated are as follows:

1. What are the language learning strategies apply by the successful students at MA Darul Ulum Palangka Raya in comprehending report text?
2. What are the language learning strategies apply by the unsuccessful students at MA Darul Ulum Palangka Raya in comprehending report text?

C. Objectives of the Study

According to formulation of the problem, the objectives of the study are:

1. To know the language learning strategies apply by successful students at MA Darul Ulum Palangka Raya in comprehending report text.
2. To know the language learning strategies apply by unsuccessful students at MA Darul Ulum Palangka Raya in comprehending report text.

D. Significance of the Study

The writer hopes that this research has significance in the language learning strategies, especially in comprehending report text for the eleventh grade students. There are two kinds of significance.

1. Theoretical significance

This study gives information about the language learning strategies, especially in comprehending report text applied by the eleventh grade students at MA Darul Ulum Palangka Raya. This study also to give contribution as the material for the other researchers and as the library references.

2. Practical Significance

This study has two significances: first, this study gives for the teacher information about the students’ ability in reading English text so that they can improve their teaching strategy in helping their students to comprehending report text. Second, this study enables for the students to solve their problems in reading a report text particularly in comprehending report text.
E. Limitation of the Study

The study only do to identify the language learning strategies in comprehending report text applied by the eleventh grade students at MA Darul Ulum Palangka Raya in academic year 2013/2014 of first semester.

F. Definition of concept

Definition of concept based on the title there are three, such as:

1. Language Learning Strategies

   Strategies are specific methods of approach a problem or task modes of operation for achieving a particular end, planned designs for controlling and manipulating certain information.\(^4\)

   Learning strategies are intentional behavior and thoughts used by learners during learning so as to better help them understand, learn, of remember new information.\(^5\)

   Language learning strategies are specific actions, behaviors, steps, or techniques students use often consciously to improve their progress in apprehending, internalizing, and using the L2.\(^6\)

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\(^4\) H.D Brown, *Teaching by principles*, p. 100.
\(^5\) Silvia, Arnis. 2010. *The Analysis of Language Learning Strategies (LLSS) Applied by the Learners of the First Grade Acceleration and Regular Class at SMAN 1 Jember in Academic Year 2009/2010*
\(^6\) [http://www.cal.org/resources/digest/oxford01.htm](http://www.cal.org/resources/digest/oxford01.htm) (accessed on February 20, 2011)
2. **Reading**

Reading is the ability of the readers to comprehend the expression of the content and social relation given in a text by the use of their higher mental process.  

3. **Report text**

Report text is a text which presents information about something, as it is. It is as a result of systematic observation and analysis.

4. **Successful students**

Successful students is the students who got the minimum score (70) or more. In this study, the successful students get score 70-100.

5. **Unsuccessful students**

Unsuccessful students are the students who got the score less than the minimum score (70). In this study, the unsuccessful student gets score less than 70.

6. **Mixing study**

A mixed methods research design is a procedure for collecting, analyzing, and “mixing” both quantitative and qualitative research and methods in a single study to understand a research problem.

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8 http://www.reporttext.blogspot.com/ (accessed on Februari 20, 2011)
G. Frame of Discussion

The framework of the discussion of this study as follows:

Chapter I : Introduction, this chapter consists of background of the study, problems of the study, objectives of the study, significances of the study, limitation of study, definition of key terms, and framework of discussion.

Chapter II : Theoretical review consists of the nature of reading, type of reading comprehension, problems in reading comprehension, teaching English at MA Darul Ulum Palangka Raya, the nature of language learning strategies, previous of related study, and framework of thinking.

Chapter III : Research method, this chapter consist of the time and place of the study, approach and type of the study, subject and object of the study, data collecting procedures, Endorsement of data, and Data analysis procedure.

Chapter IV : Result of the study and discussion, this chapter consist of result of the study, result of test, result of questionnaire, result of interview, and discussion.

Chapter V : Closing, this chapter consists of Conclusion and suggestion

H. FRAMEWORK OF THINKING

Reading is very complex process it requires a high level of muscular coordination sustained effort and concentration. However, reading is more than
just a visual task. Not only the reader see and identify the symbol in front of him but also he must interpret what he read in the light of his own background, associate with experience, and project beyond this in term of idea, judgment, application and conclusion.

Based on the syllabus for SMA and MAN, the material report text in the eleventh grade students is taught in first semester. Without having suitable strategies, the students would difficult to comprehending report text well. Furthermore, the successful students had good and appropriate language learning strategies in comprehending report text. Whereas, some of unsuccessful students did not have special strategies and they lack of strategies in comprehending report text.

Therefore, in order this study could be useful and easy to be understood, the writer made frame of thinking that could be seen as follows:
Teaching learning

Report text

Strategies applied by the successful students in comprehending report text

Strategies applied by the unsuccessful students in comprehending report text

Describing language learning strategies in comprehending report text applied by the eleventh grade students of MA Darul Ulum Palangkaraya

Discussion

Conclusion